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PRE-APPEAL BRIEF REQUEST FOR REVIEW		Docket Number (Optional)		
		SON-2024		
	Application N	lumber	Filed	
·	09/774,682-Conf. February 1, 2001 #3648 First Named Inventor		February 1, 2001	
	Motoshi Asano			
	Art Unit		Examiner	
	3692		F. Poinvil	
Applicant requests review of the final rejection in the above-identified application. No amendments are being filed with this request.				
This request is being filed with a notice of appeal.				
The review is requested for the reason(s) stated on the atta Note: No more than five (5) pages may be provided).		
,		./		
I am the				
applicant /inventor.	_		17,255	
assignee of record of the entire interest. See 37 CFR 3.71. Statement under 37 CFR 3.73(b)			Signature	
is enclosed. (Form PTO/SB/96)	_		nanen/Christopher M. Tobin ped or printed name	
x attorney or agent of record.				
Registration number 24,104/40,290				
Acgregation number 21,110 in 10,200	 .	(202) 955-3750	
attorney or agent acting under 37 CFR 1.34.	· -	Telephone number		
		July 2, 2008		
Registration number if acting under 37 CFR 1.34.		Date		
NOTE: Signatures of all the inventors or assignees of record of the entire interest or their representative(s) are required. Submit multiple forms if more than one signature is required, see below*.				
x *Total of 1 forms are submitted.				



Docket No.: SON-2024

(PATENT)

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re Patent Application of:

Motoshi ASANO et al.

Confirmation No.: 3648

Application No.: 09/774,682

Art Unit: 3692

Filed: February 1, 2001

Examiner: F. Poinvil

For: ELECTRONIC-MONEY SETTLEMENT

METHOD AND INFORMATION

PROCESSING APPARATUS THEREFOR

REQUEST FOR PRE-APPEAL BRIEF PANEL REVIEW OF REJECTION

MS AF Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Dear Sir:

This is in full and timely response the non-final Office Action mailed on April 2, 2008.

The final rejection of the claims is traversed at least for the following reasons.

The claims - The claims include the features and steps of determining if an identification code for said portable electronic device is listed on a negative list,

a <u>presence of said identification code</u> on said negative list identifying said portable electronic device as a <u>disabled device</u> and

an <u>absence of said identification code</u> from said negative list identifying said portable electronic device as an <u>enabled device</u>.

<u>UK Patent Application No. GB 2 303 956 to Nonaka et al. (Nonaka)</u> - Nonaka arguably teaches an electronic purse loan system wherein a repayment term storage may be provided in the personal information storage 34 in the center 3 (Nonaka at page 19, line 23 to page 20, line 5).

Nonaka arguably teaches the presence of an ID number storage 60 (Nonaka at page 7, line 19).

However, Nonaka *fails* to disclose, teach or suggest *an <u>absence</u>* of an ID number from the storage 60 as identifying an ID card 1 as an enabled device.

Instead, Nonaka merely determines whether or not the ID number is "cataloged" (Nonaka at Figure 3, steps S106 and S121; Figure 4, steps S206 and S221; Figure 6, steps S308; Figure 8, steps S406 and S420; Figure 11, steps S506).

• Thus, Nonaka <u>fails</u> to disclose, teach or suggest the features and steps of determining if an identification code for said portable electronic device is listed on a negative list,

a <u>presence of said identification code</u> on said negative list identifying said portable electronic device as a <u>disabled device</u> and

an <u>absence of said identification code</u> from said negative list identifying said portable electronic device as an <u>enabled device</u>.

<u>Japanese Application Publication number 11-161832 (Purse Japan:KK)</u> - The Office Action cites Purse Japan:KK for the features that are deficient from within Nonaka.

However, Purse Japan: KK <u>fails</u> to disclose, teach or suggest an absence of said identification code from said negative list identifying said portable electronic device as an enabled device.

• Thus, Purse Japan: KK fails to disclose, teach or suggest the features and steps of determining if an identification code for said portable electronic device is listed on a negative list,

a <u>presence of said identification code</u> on said negative list identifying said portable electronic device as a <u>disabled device</u> and

an <u>absence of said identification code</u> from said negative list identifying said portable electronic device as an <u>enabled device</u>.

<u>Japanese Application Publication number 62-264364 (Kamimura)</u> - The Office Action cites Kamimura for the features that are deficient from within Nonaka.

However, Kamimura <u>fails</u> to disclose, teach or suggest an absence of said identification code from said negative list identifying said portable electronic device as an enabled device.

• Thus, Kamimura <u>fails</u> to disclose, teach or suggest the features and steps of determining if an identification code for said portable electronic device is listed on a negative list,

a <u>presence of said identification code</u> on said negative list identifying said portable electronic device as a <u>disabled device</u> and

an <u>absence of said identification code</u> from said negative list identifying said portable electronic device as an <u>enabled device</u>.

The claims include the features and steps of determining if an identification code for said portable electronic device is listed on a negative list,

a <u>presence of said identification code</u> on said negative list identifying said portable electronic device as a <u>disabled device</u> and

an <u>absence of said identification code</u> from said negative list identifying said portable electronic device as an <u>enabled device</u>.

<u>U.S. Patent No. 5,679,938 (Templeton)</u> - The Office Action <u>readily admits</u> an <u>absence</u> of these features within UK Patent Application No. GB 2 303 956 to Nonaka et al. (**Nonaka**), Japanese Application Publication number 11-161832 (**Purse Japan:KK**), and Japanese Application Publication number 62-264364 (**Kamimura**) (Office Action at page 6). Templeton has been cited to account for these features.

In response, **Templeton** arguably teaches that the magnetic stripe reader includes a magnetic read head (not shown) positioned adjacent a card swipe slot 70, and is operative for electronically reading a magnetic stripe 75 on the back of a <u>identification card 80 or data card</u> (not shown) (Templeton at column 12, lines 13-16).

An "identification card" can mean a drivers license or other card bearing identifying information associated with a customer (Templeton at column 9, lines 58-60).

The identifying information typically includes the customer's <u>name</u> and <u>address</u>, and may also include the customer's <u>date of birth</u>, <u>social security number</u>, <u>drivers license number</u>, other identifying numbers, gender, etc. (Templeton at column 9, lines 60-63).

In this regard, Templeton <u>fails</u> to teach information on a deposited amount of <u>money</u> being stored in identification card 80 or data card in the form of electronic money representing a monetary value.

Templeton arguably teaches that the <u>MICR reader</u> includes a MICR read head (not shown) positioned adjacent a MICR slot 55, and is operative for electronically reading the MICR characters 60 on a *check 65* (Templeton at column 12, lines 9-13).

Templeton arguably teaches that the host computer 35 then accesses the negative file 85, which contains <u>bad check data</u> that has been accumulated by the check acceptance service (Templeton at column 13, lines 18-20).

However, Templeton <u>fails</u> to disclose, teach, or suggest the "bad check data" as including <u>an identification code for the check 65</u>.

Instead, Templeton arguably teaches that this data may be accessed using the customer's checking account number, drivers license number, or other transaction data (Templeton at column 13, lines 20-22).

Templeton arguably teaches that the negative file 85 includes data indicating that *previous checks* tendered by the customer were returned for some reason, and have not been collected (Templeton at column 13, lines 22-25).

However, Templeton *fails* to disclose, teach, or suggest the "previous checks" and check 65 as being one in the same.

Thus, Templeton <u>fails</u> to disclose, teach, or suggest the features and steps of determining if an identification code for said portable electronic device is listed on a negative list.

Withdrawal of this rejection and allowance of the claims is respectfully requested.

Dated: July 2, 2008

Respectfully submitted,

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